NORTH
SMITHFIELD
SCHOOL
DEPARTMENT

# **PHYSICAL EDUCATION CURRICULUM GRADES 9-12**

North Smithfield High School Curriculum Writers: Jeffrey Crins, James FitzGerald, Amy Gravel, Alisha Pirri, and Matthew Tek

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he North Smithfield School Department Physical Education Curriculum for grades K-12 was completed in December 2013 by a team of K-12 teachers. The team, identified as the Health and Physical Education Curriculum Writers referenced extensive resources to design the document that included but are not limited to:

- Best Practice, New Standards for Teaching and Learning in America's Schools
- Classroom Instruction That Works
- Common Core Maps
- Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts and Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science and Technical Subjects
- Differentiated Instructional Strategies
- Educational websites
- Formative Assessment and Standards-Based Grading, Classroom Strategies That Work, Marzano
- The Rhode Island Physical Education Framework
- Webb's Depth of Knowledge

#### **Mission Statement**

The North Smithfield School Department is committed to engaging and challenging all students in a rigorous K-12 Physical Education curriculum. It is driven by research-based best practice instruction and assessment in order to develop physically educated individuals through the integration of movement concepts, responsibility, and achievement of life-long physical fitness.

The K-12 Physical Education Curriculum identifies what all students should know and be able to do in physical education. Each grade or course includes *The Rhode Island Physical Education Framework,* and the *Common Core State Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science and Technical Subjects,* research-based instructional strategies, resources, map (or suggested timeline), rubrics, and checklists.

The curriculum provides learners with a sequential comprehensive education through the study of Physical Education from The Rhode Island Physical Education Framework that includes:

- Movement forms
- Motor skills
- Benefits of physical activity
- Physically active life styles
- Responsible personal and social behavior
- Internal and external environments that influence physical activity

#### STANDARDS FOR PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Define content standards— what students should know and be able to do in Physical Education.

#### RESEARCH-BASED INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES

The curriculum provides a list of research-based best practice instructional strategies that the teacher may model and/or facilitate, e.g.

- Employs strategies of "best practice" (student-centered, experiential, holistic, authentic, expressive, reflective, social, collaborative, democratic, cognitive, developmental, constructivist/heuristic, and challenging).
- Uses Classroom Instruction That Works Strategies:
  - Setting objectives and providing feedback
  - Reinforcing effort and providing recognition
  - Cooperative learning
  - Cues, questions, and advance organizers
  - Nonlinguistic representations
  - Summarizing and note taking
  - Assigning homework and providing practice
  - o Identifying similarities and differences
- Generating and testing hypotheses
- Provide opportunities for independent, partner and collaborative group work

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- Facilitates the integration of Applied Learning Standards (problem solving, communication, critical thinking, research, reflection/evaluation.
- Differentiates instruction by varying the content, process, and product and implementing
- Analyzes formative assessment to direct instruction.
- Provides exemplars and rubrics.
- Addresses multiple intelligences and brain dominance (spatial, bodily kinesthetic, musical, linguistic, intrapersonal, interpersonal, mathematical/logical, and naturalist).
- Models the use of graphic organizers: sequence organizers (chains, cycle), concept development (mind map), compare/contrast organizers (Venn diagrams, comparison charts), organizers (word web, concept map), evaluation organizers (charts, scales), categorize/classify organizers (categories, tree) relational organizers (fish bone, pie chart).
- Employs Physical Education best practices e.g.,
  - Provides clear expectations for student learning
  - Organizes pairs, groups, and teams
  - Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives
  - Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles
  - Allows students guided choices
  - Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics
  - Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle
  - Provides for appropriate practice

#### **COMMON and SUGGESTED ASSESSMENTS**

The North Smithfield School Department Physical Education Curriculum includes common assessments. Required (red ink) indicates the assessment is required of all students e.g. common asks/performance- based tasks, standardized mid-term exam, standardized final exam.

- REQUIRED COMMON ASSESSMENTS
  - Common units
  - Common unit assessments
- Common Instructional Assessments (I) used by teachers and students during instruction
- Common Formative Assessments (F) used to measure how well students are mastering the content standards before taking assessments
  - o teacher and student use to make decisions about what actions to take to promote further learning
  - o on-going, dynamic process that involves far more frequent testing
  - serves as a practice for students
- Common Summative Assessment (S) used to measure the level of student, school, or program success
  - o make some sort of judgment, e.g. what grade
  - program effectiveness
  - o e.g. state assessments (AYP), mid-year and final exams
- Additional assessments may include:
  - Activity logs/journals
  - Anecdotal records
  - Conferencing
  - Exhibits
  - Fitnessgram™
  - Graphic organizers

- Interviews
  - Student to student
  - Teacher to student
- Journals
- Multiple Intelligences assessments, e.g.
  - Role playing bodily kinesthetic
  - Oral presentations

- Problem/Performance based/common tasks Rubrics/checklists (mathematical practice)
- Tests and guizzes
- Technology (Photo-story, Power Point, etc.)
- Think-alouds

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#### **RESOURCES**

#### Supplementary books/materials

- Appropriate Instructional Practice Guidelines for Middle School Physical Education
- <u>Fitnessgram/Activitygram</u> Test Administration Manual 4<sup>th</sup> Edition
- Guidelines for Physical Education Programs<sub>2</sub>2<sup>nd</sup>
- Moving into the Future National Standards for Physical Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition
- Opportunity to Learn Guidelines for Middle School Physical Education, NASPE
- . P.E. Teacher's Skill by Skill
- Physical Best Activity Guide, NASPE
- Shape-up Rhode Island
- Success Oriented P.E. Activities for Secondary Students
- Supporting Physically Active Lifestyles through Quality Physical Education (RIDE)
- The Rhode Island Physical Education Framework
- NSMS Health and Physical Education Packet

#### Technology

- · CDs, tapes
- Computer lab
- I-pads
- · LCD projector/ laptop
- Elmo
- VCR/DVD
- Internet
- Pedometers
- Smart Board™

#### Web sites

- www.aahperd.org
- www.acefitness.org (fitness workouts)
- www.appliedsportspsych.org (psychological benefits of activity)
- www.cdc.gov
- · www.charactercounts.org
- www.edhelper.com

- www.edhelper.com
- <u>www.education.com</u> (academic benefits, e.g. improve scores)
- www.exercisedaily.org (research news and information wellness)
- · www.fitness.gov
- · www.fitnessgram.net
- www.gmap-pedometer.com (incorporating pedometers into lessons)
- www.healthychildren.org (American Academy of Pediatrics)
- www.heart.org
- www.hrsa.gov (health resources)
- www.kidshealth.org
- www.letsmoveinschool.org
- www.livestrong.com (overall wellness)
- www.myfitnessjournal.com (journal writing for activities, calories, etc.)
- www.myplate.gov
- www.ncpad.org (emotional, mental, social benefits of activity)
- www.nfl.com/play60
- www.pecentral.com
- www.peuniverse.com (Physical Education sharing ideas)
- www.riahperd.org
- www.ride.ri.gov
- www.shapeupri.org
- www.teachpe.com (physical education teaching resources)
- www.thrive.org
- www.wikipedia.com
- www.ymcagreaterprovidence.org
- http://tgfu.wikifoundry.com/page/Invasion+Games

#### **Materials**

- Clipboards
- DVDs
- · Easel paper

- Easels
- Markers
- · Poster boards
- Stopwatches
- Sports equipment for:
  - Backyard games
  - o Basketball
  - Bowling
  - Circuit training
  - Crazy Ball
  - Fitness testing
  - o Flag football
  - Floor Hockey
  - Kick Ball
  - o Ping Pong
  - Project Adventure
  - o Recreational games
  - Soccer
  - Team Handball
  - Tennis
  - Track and Field
  - Ultimate Frisbee
  - Vollevball
  - Whiffle Ball

#### **School/Community**

- Beaches
- · Bike Paths
- Bowling Alley
- · Boys And Girls Clubs (Cumberland)
- · Climbing Walls
- Gymnasiums
- · Health Centers
- Parks
- Playgrounds
- · Recreation Department
- School Grounds
- · Skate Parks
- Track/Turf
- YMCA

DUNGLOAL	Other	BENCHMARKS	INSTRUCTIONAL	RESOURCES	ASSESSMENT/
PHYSICAL			STRATEGIES		EVIDENCE
EDUCATION					
		The student	DISTRICT INITIATIVES &	Supplementary books/materials	STANDARDIZED AND
			RESEARCH	Appropriate Instructional Practice	REQUIRED
1. Students will				Guidelines for Middle School Physical	<ul> <li>Common tasks</li> </ul>
demonstrate		1.1.1 Understands that <b>competency</b> is sufficient ability to safely	Applies best practice of	Education	<ul> <li>Fitnessgram™</li> </ul>
competency in		and knowledgeably participate in an activity; or the ability	teaching physical education:	Fitnessgram/Activitygram_Test	
many movement		to perform and apply skills.	The physical education teacher	Administration Manual 4 <sup>th</sup> Edition	SUGGESTED
forms and proficiency in a few		1.1.2 Shows competency in many movement forms:	<ul> <li>Provides clear expectations for student learning</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Guidelines for Physical Education Programs, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition</li> </ul>	Activity log s
movement forms.		Net: volleyball, badminton, table tennis, pickle	Organizes pairs, groups, and	Moving into the Future National	
movement forms.		ball, tennis	teams	Standards for Physical Education, 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Anecdotal records
1.1 Show competence		o Skills	Begins with anticipatory set	Edition	
(e.g., basic skills,		<ul> <li>badminton, pickleball, tennis (forehand,</li> </ul>	and physical warm-up,	Opportunity to Learn Guidelines for	Fitnessgram™
strategies, and		backhand, serving)	proceeds to instructional	Middle School Physical Education,	luka milawa
rules) in an		<ul><li>volleyball (passing/bumping, setting,</li></ul>	focus and fitness activities,	NASPE	Interviews  • Student to student
increasing number		hitting, receiving, serving)	and closes with physiological	<ul> <li>P.E. Teacher's Skill by Skill</li> </ul>	Teacher to student
of more complex		<ul> <li>Strategies: offensive, defensive, positioning,</li> </ul>	cool down and a review of	<ul> <li>Physical Best Activity Guide, NASPE</li> </ul>	• reacher to student
versions in at least		serving	instructional objectives	Physical Educators Guide for Teaching	Journals
three types of		<ul> <li>Rules: objective of the game/scoring</li> </ul>	Uses a variety of direct and	Tennis	
movement forms (e.g., individual,		Table of Proceedings and the Gran	<ul><li>indirect teaching styles</li><li>Allows students guided</li></ul>	<ul><li>Presidential Fitness Challenge</li><li>Shape-up Rhode Island</li></ul>	Multiple Intelligences
team, and		<ul> <li>Territory/invasion: soccer, capture the flag, capture the throton, team handball, lacrosse,</li> </ul>	choices	Success Oriented P.E. Activities for	assessments (e.g. role
recreational		basketball, flag football, ultimate Frisbee, floor	Emphasizes critical thinking	Secondary Students	playing – bodily
activities).		hockey	and problem-solving tactics	Supporting Physically Active Lifestyles	kinesthetic, graphic
		o Skills:	Demonstrates enthusiasm for	through Quality Physical Education	organizing – visual,
		<ul> <li>basketball (dribbling, passing shooting,</li> </ul>	an active, healthy lifestyle	(RIDE)	collaboration-
		jumping)	<ul> <li>Provides for appropriate</li> </ul>	The Rhode Island Physical Education	interpersonal, etc.)
		<ul> <li>floor hockey (striking, controlling, passing,</li> </ul>	practice	Framework	
		shooting, stick handle)			Oral
		<ul><li>flag football (passing, catching,</li></ul>	Differentiates instruction by	Technology	
		kicking/punting, blocking,	varying the content, process,	Apple T.V.	Rubrics/checklists
		converting)	and product	• CDs	
		<ul> <li>lacrosse (passing, catching, cradling,</li> </ul>	Use Classroom Instruction	Computer lab     Internet	Performance-based tasks
		scooping, shooting) <ul><li>soccer (kicking, trapping, passing, shooting,</li></ul>	That Works Strategies:	• Internet • I-pads	
		heading)	Setting objectives and	Kinects Gamming Systems™	Self-assessment
		<ul> <li>team handball (catching, throwing,</li> </ul>	providing feedback	LCD projector/ laptop	
		converting, dribbling,	Reinforcing effort and	Nike Trainer™	Self and peer evaluation
		passing)	providing recognition	Run Keeper™	(e.g. Ticket out the door,
		<ul> <li>ultimate Frisbee (catching, throwing,</li> </ul>	Cooperative learning	• Smart Board™	peer editing)

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	<ul> <li>omnikin ball, team building activities, hula</li> </ul>		o Kick Ball	
	hut, cooperative games, childhood games:		o Ping Pong	
	communication, cooperation, listening,		o Project Adventure	
	leading		<ul> <li>Recreational games</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Strategies: critical thinking, problem solving</li> </ul>		o Soccer	
	<ul> <li>Rules: respect others and respect objectives</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Team Handball</li> </ul>	
	of the activity		o Tennis	
			<ul> <li>Track and Field</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Target: archery, golf, disc golf</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Ultimate Frisbee</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Skills: balancing, aiming, stance, grip</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Volleyball</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Rules: follow proper etiquette, safety</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Whiffle Ball</li> </ul>	
			Student white boards	
	<ul> <li>Recreational: backyard games (spike ball, bocce,</li> </ul>		White board markers and erasers	
	ladder golf, baggo )			
	<ul> <li>Skills: throwing, rolling, tossing, striking,</li> </ul>		School library	
	accuracy		Computer lab and library books	
	<ul> <li>Rules: scoring</li> </ul>		School/Community	
			School nurse	
	1.1.3 Applies warm-up and cool-down principles in a fitness plan:		- School Hurse	
	• warm-up			
	<ul> <li>low intensity activity, e.g. walking, jogging</li> </ul>			
	o dynamic stretching, e.g. walking lunges, high			
	knees (stretching with movement)			
	<ul> <li>static stretching, e.g. triceps overhead stretch</li> </ul>			
	(stretching with no movement)			
	cool-down			
	o low intensity activity, e.g. walking, jogging			
	<ul> <li>static stretching.</li> </ul>			
	• <u>www.fitnessgram.net</u>			
	www.pbs.org (life fitness)			
1. Students will	The student	TEACHED MOTES	DECOURCE MOTEC	ACCECCA AFAIT A COTEC
demonstrate		TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
competency in	1.2.1 Understands that <b>proficiency is</b>			
many movement	<ul> <li>adequate ability to engage in the activity in a</li> </ul>	See instructional strategies in	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the
forms and	meaningful way.	the introduction		introduction
proficiency in a few	<ul> <li>active participation in increased complexity of</li> </ul>	Applies host practice of		
movement forms.	movement forms to safely participate in an activity.	Applies best practice of		
	<ul> <li>adequate understanding of the rules of the activity.</li> </ul>	teaching physical education: The physical education teacher		
1.2 Show proficiency				
1 , , ,		Provides clear expectations		
in a few	1 2 2 Domonstratos proficiones (o a basic skills) in an			
in a few movement forms	1.2.2 Demonstrates <b>proficiency</b> (e.g., basic skills) in an increasing number of more complex versions of movement	<ul><li>for student learning</li><li>Organizes pairs, groups, and</li></ul>		

team, and	forms (e.g., individual, team, and recreational activities):	teams	
recreational	<ul> <li>Net: volleyball, badminton, table tennis, pickle</li> </ul>	Begins with anticipatory set	
activities).	ball, tennis	and physical warm-up,	
	o Skills	proceeds to instructional	
	<ul> <li>badminton, pickleball, tennis (forehand,</li> </ul>	focus and fitness activities,	
	backhand, serving)	and closes with physiological	
	<ul><li>volleyball (passing/bumping, setting,</li></ul>	cool down and a review of	
	hitting, receiving, serving)	instructional objectives	
	<ul> <li>Strategies: offensive, defensive, positioning,</li> </ul>	Uses a variety of direct and	
	serving	indirect teaching styles	
	o <b>Rules:</b> objective of the game/scoring	Allows students guided choices	
	Territory/invasion: soccer, capture the flag,	Emphasizes critical thinking	
	capture the throton, team handball, lacrosse,	and problem-solving tactics	
	basketball, flag football, ultimate Frisbee, floor	Demonstrates enthusiasm for	
	hockey	an active, healthy lifestyle	
	o Skills:	Provides for appropriate	
	<ul> <li>basketball (dribbling, passing shooting,</li> </ul>	practice	
	jumping)		
	<ul> <li>floor hockey (striking, controlling, passing,</li> </ul>		
	shooting, stick handle)	Differentiates instruction by	
	<ul> <li>flag football (passing, catching,</li> </ul>	varying the content, process,	
	kicking/punting, blocking, converting)	and product	
	<ul> <li>lacrosse (passing, catching, cradling,</li> </ul>		
	scooping, shooting)	Use Classroom Instruction	
	<ul> <li>soccer (kicking, trapping, passing, shooting,</li> </ul>	That Works Strategies:	
	heading)	Setting objectives and	
	<ul> <li>team handball (catching, throwing,</li> </ul>	providing feedback	
	converting, dribbling, passing)	Reinforcing effort and	
	<ul> <li>ultimate Frisbee (catching, throwing,</li> </ul>	providing recognition	
	converting, passing)	Cooperative learning	
	<ul> <li>capture the flag/throton (catching</li> </ul>	Cues, questions, and advance	
	throwing, passing, running, changing	organizers	
	direction, agility	Nonlinguistic	
	<ul> <li>Strategies: offensive, defensive, positioning</li> </ul>	representations	
	<ul> <li>Rules: objective of the game/scoring</li> </ul>	Summarizing and note taking	
		Assigning homework and	
	Striking: softball/wiffleball, kickball	providing practice	
	o Skills	Identifying similarities and	
	<ul> <li>softball (catching, throwing, hitting,</li> </ul>	differences	
	fielding)	Generating and testing	
	<ul> <li>kickball (catching, throwing, kicking,</li> </ul>	hypotheses	
	fielding)	Provide opportunities for	

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	<ul> <li>Strategies: offensive, defensive, positioning</li> </ul>	independent, partner and	
	<ul> <li>Rules: objective of the game/scoring</li> </ul>	collaborative group work	
•	Dance/rhythm: line dancing, four wall dancing,	Facilitates best practices of	
	kinects, zumba	teaching that include:	
	o Skills:	<ul> <li>student-centered</li> </ul>	
	line dancing, four wall dancing : rhythm,	experiential	
	counting beats, formation, sequence, basic	holistic	
	dance steps (e.g. step hop, grapevine),	authentic	
	posture	expressive	
	<ul><li>zumba/kinects: mirroring instructor,</li></ul>	reflective	
	rhythm, basic dance	• social	
	mytim, busic dunce	collaborative	
	Fitness: track and field, personal fitness, yoga, kick	democratic	
	boxing, circuit training, weight training	cognitive	
	Skills	developmental	
		constructivist/heuristic	
	• track and field running, jumping, throwing	constructivist/fleuristic     challenging	
	<ul> <li>personal fitness/ weight training/ circuit</li> </ul>	• Challenging	
	training: proper use/technique of free	Address supplied	
	weights, machine weight, and cardio	Addresses multiple	
	vascular equipment, plyometrics and body	intelligences (instructional	
	weight, proper use of cardio vascular	strategies)	
	training equipment and weight machines		
	yoga, kick boxing: stretching, following a	Facilitates integration of the	
	routine, mirroring instructor, controlled	applied learning standards	
	breathing, balance, flexibility	<ul> <li>problem solving</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>communication</li> </ul>	
•	Cooperative: omnikin ball, team building activities,	<ul> <li>critical thinking</li> </ul>	
	hula hut, cooperative games, childhood games	<ul> <li>research</li> </ul>	
	o Skills	<ul> <li>reflection/evaluation</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>omnikin ball, team building activities, hula</li> </ul>		
	hut, cooperative games, childhood games:		
	communication, cooperation, listening,		
	leading		
	<ul> <li>Strategies: critical thinking, problem solving</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Rules: respect others and respect objectives</li> </ul>		
	of		
	the activity		
	tile activity		
	Target, archam, golf disc golf		
•	Target: archery, golf, disc golf		
	Skills: balancing, aiming, stance, grip		
	o <b>Rules:</b> follow proper etiquette, safety		

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	<ul> <li>Recreational: backyard games (spike ball, bocce, ladder golf, baggo)</li> <li>Skills: throwing, rolling, tossing, striking,</li> </ul>			
	accuracy o Rules: scoring			
Students will apply movement concepts and minimizes to the concepts.	The student	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the
principles to the learning and development of	2.1.1 Applies activity- specific knowledge to develop <b>movement competence</b> and proficiency.	the introduction	Supplementary books/materials	introduction
motor skills•	<ul> <li>Uses information from a variety of sources</li> <li>internal origin, e.g. previous knowledge</li> </ul>	DISTRICT INITIATIVES & RESEARCH	Appropriate Instructional Practice     Guidelines for Middle School Physical     Education	STANDARDIZED AND REQUIRED  Common tasks
2.1 Apply activity- specific knowledge	<ul> <li>external origin, e.g. written, verbal, visual materials, and physical demonstration to improve skill performance, e.g. proper technique,</li> </ul>	Applies best practice of teaching physical education:	Fitnessgram/Activitygram_Test     Administration Manual 4 <sup>th</sup> Edition	• Fitnessgram™
to develop movement competence or	stance, grip, preparation, execution, follow through.	The physical education teacher Provides clear expectations for student learning	<ul> <li>Guidelines for Physical Education Programs, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition</li> <li>Moving into the Future National</li> </ul>	SUGGESTED Activity log s
proficiency.	2.1.3 Applies skills, strategies and rules to specific activity/sport	Organizes pairs, groups, and teams	Standards for Physical Education, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition	Anecdotal records
	<ul> <li>Net: volleyball, badminton, table tennis, pickle ball, tennis</li> <li>Skills</li> </ul>	Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up,	Opportunity to Learn Guidelines for Middle School Physical Education,  NACES	Fitnessgram™
	<ul> <li>badminton, pickleball, tennis (forehand, backhand, serving)</li> <li>volleyball (passing/bumping, setting, hitting, receiving, serving)</li> </ul>	proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of	NASPE P.E. Teacher's Skill by Skill Physical Best Activity Guide, NASPE Physical Educators Guide for Teaching	Interviews - Student to student - Teacher to student
	<ul> <li>Strategies: offensive, defensive, positioning, serving</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>instructional objectives</li> <li>Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles</li> </ul>	Tennis Presidential Fitness Challenge Shape-up Rhode Island	Journals
	Rules: objective of the game/scoring	Allows students guided choices	Success Oriented P.E. Activities for Secondary Students	Multiple Intelligences assessments (e.g. role
	<ul> <li>Territory/invasion: soccer, capture the flag, capture the throton, team handball, lacrosse, basketball, flag football, ultimate Frisbee, floor hockey</li> </ul>	Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics     Demonstrates enthusiasm for	Supporting Physically Active Lifestyles through Quality Physical Education (RIDE)	playing – bodily kinesthetic, graphic organizing – visual, collaboration-
	<ul> <li>Skills:</li> <li>basketball (dribbling, passing shooting,</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>an active, healthy lifestyle</li> <li>Provides for appropriate practice</li> </ul>	The Rhode Island Physical Education Framework	interpersonal, etc.)
	jumping)  • floor hockey (striking, controlling, passing, shooting, stick handle)	Differentiates instruction by	Technology • Apple T.V.	Oral
	<ul><li>snooting, stick nandle)</li><li>flag football (passing, catching,</li></ul>	varying the content, process,	• CDs	Rubrics/checklists

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	training equipment and weight machines  voga, kick boxing: stretching, following a routine, mirroring instructor, controlled breathing, balance, flexibility  Cooperative: omnikin ball, team building activities, hula hut, cooperative games, childhood games  Skills  omnikin ball, team building activities, hula hut, cooperative games, childhood games: communication, cooperation, listening, leading  Strategies: critical thinking, problem solving Rules: respect others and respect objectives of the activity  Target: archery, golf, disc golf  Skills: balancing, aiming, stance, grip Rules: follow proper etiquette, safety  Recreational: backyard games (spike ball, bocce, ladder golf, baggo)  Skills: throwing, rolling, tossing, striking, accuracy Rules: scoring	Facilitates integration of the applied learning standards  • problem solving  • communication  • critical thinking  • research  • reflection/evaluation	Crazy Ball Fitness testing Flag football Floor Hockey Kick Ball Ping Pong Project Adventure Recreational games Soccer Team Handball Tennis Track and Field Ultimate Frisbee Volleyball Whiffle Ball Student white boards White board markers and erasers  School library Computer lab and library books School/Community School nurse	
Students will apply movement concepts and principles to the learning and development of motor skills.      Identify and apply critical elements to	The student  2.2.1 Identifies and applies critical elements/sport specific skills to enable the development of movement competence or proficiency:  • Net: volleyball, badminton, table tennis, pickle ball, tennis  • e.g. in tennis swinging low to high	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction  Applies best practice of teaching physical education:	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction  STANDARDIZED AND REQUIRED  Common tasks
critical elements to enable the development of movement competence or proficiency.	forehand/backhand to create top spin  Territory/invasion: soccer, capture the flag, capture the throton, team handball, lacrosse, basketball, flag football, ultimate Frisbee, floor hockey  e.g. in flag football running a straight receiver route progressing to a double	The physical education teacher Provides clear expectations for student learning Organizes pairs, groups, and teams Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to instructional		Fitnessgram™  SUGGESTED  Activity log s  Anecdotal records

2. Students will apply	Striking: softball/wiffleball, kickball  e.g. in softball watching the ball into the glove, using two hands when catching and stepping forward with opposite foot when throwing and follow-through  Dance/rhythm: line dancing, four wall dancing, kinects, zumba  e.g. in dance taking movement patterns, putting movement together to create a 32 count minimum dance routine  Fitness: track and field, personal fitness, yoga, kick boxing, circuit training, weight training  e.g. in training applying concepts of reps to weight ratio  Cooperative: omnikin ball, team building activities, hula hut, cooperative games, childhood games  e.g. in omnikin ball properly positioned team to have best defensive advantage in creating spatial awareness  Target: archery, golf, disc golf  e.g. in disc golf using proper shot selection to minimize throwing attempts to target  Recreational: backyard games (spike ball, bocce, ladder golf, baggo)  e.g. in baggo stepping forward with opposite foot and maintaining a consistent underhand throwing motion	focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives  Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles  Allows students guided choices  Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics  Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle  Provides for appropriate practice		Interviews  • Student to student  • Teacher to student  Journals  Multiple Intelligences assessments (e.g. role playing − bodily kinesthetic, graphic organizing − visual, collaboration- interpersonal, etc.)  Oral  Rubrics/checklists  Performance-based tasks  Self-assessment  Self and peer evaluation (e.g. Ticket out the door, peer editing)  Technology  Tests/quizzes  Written responses  • Arguments  • Informative
movement concepts and principles to the learning and development of	2.3.1 Understands	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction

motor skills.	concepts from skill to skill; similarities and	Applies best practice of	STANDARDIZED AND
motor skins.	differences.	teaching physical education:	REQUIRED
2.3 Transfer	<ul> <li>principles (why), e.g. good performance is linked to</li> </ul>	The physical education teacher	Common tasks
movement	process; similarities and differences between	Provides clear expectations	• Fitnessgram™
skills, concepts,	activities at a more complex level.	for student learning	- Tanasag and
and principles		Organizes pairs, groups, and	SUGGESTED
between activities	2.3.2 Transfers and use movement skills, concepts and principles	teams	
at a more complex	in the following:	Begins with anticipatory set	Activity log s
level.	Net: volleyball, badminton, table tennis, pickle	and physical warm-up,	
	ball, tennis	proceeds to instructional	Anecdotal records
	<ul> <li>e.g. overhand serve in volleyball progressing</li> </ul>	focus and fitness activities,	Fitnessaue IM
	to an overhand smash in badminton	and closes with physiological	Fitnessgram™
		cool down and a review of	Interviews
	<ul> <li>Territory/invasion: soccer, capture the flag,</li> </ul>	instructional objectives	Student to student
	capture the throton, team handball, lacrosse,	Uses a variety of direct and	Teacher to student
	basketball, flag football, ultimate Frisbee, floor	indirect teaching styles	reacher to student
	hockey	Allows students guided	Journals
	<ul> <li>e.g. using off the ball movement to create</li> </ul>	choices	
	more offensive scoring opportunities	Emphasizes critical thinking	Multiple Intelligences
		and problem-solving tactics	assessments (e.g. role
	Striking: softball/wiffleball, kickball	Demonstrates enthusiasm for     an active healthy lifesty de	playing – bodily
	<ul> <li>e.g. in softball and golf transferring body</li> </ul>	an active, healthy lifestyle	kinesthetic, graphic
	weight when swinging	Provides for appropriate  practice	organizing – visual,
		practice	collaboration-
	Dance/rhythm: line dancing, four wall dancing,		interpersonal, etc.)
	kinects, zumba		
	e.g. in dance and fitness maintain balance		Oral
	and coordination in order to execute a		
	skill or movement at a more complex level		
	level		Rubrics/checklists
	Fitness: track and field, personal fitness, yoga, kick		
	boxing, circuit training, weight training		Performance-based tasks
	• e.g. push-up on ground to push-up on with		
	feet on stability ball		Self-assessment
	Cooperative: omnikin ball, team building activities,		Self and peer evaluation
	hula hut, cooperative games, childhood games		(e.g. Ticket out the door,
	<ul> <li>e.g. apply core values of cooperative activities</li> </ul>		peer editing)
	throughout territory invasion sports		
			Technology
	<ul> <li>Target: archery, golf, disc golf</li> </ul>		Tests/quizzes

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	<ul> <li>e.g. from body position when shooting in archery to body positioning while swinging a golf club</li> <li>Recreational: backyard games (spike ball, bocce, ladder golf, baggo         <ul> <li>e.g. transferring the underhand tossing motion from the release of the bocce ball to a ladder golf ball</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			Written responses
2. Students will apply movement concepts and principles to the learning and development of motor skills.  2.4 Analyze and apply basic offensive and defensive strategies in games and sports.	The student  2.4.1 Analyzes and applies basic offensive and defensive strategies in games and sports.  • Net: volleyball, badminton, table tennis, pickle ball, tennis  • attack (offense)  • ready position  • shot placement  • hit to open spaces  • force opponent to move to create spaces  • defend (defense)  • ready position  • defend spaces  • blocking (volleyball)  • examples of strategies  • singles vs. doubles in badminton and pickleball and table tennis  • outside hitter vs. an inside hitter in volleyball  • Territory/invasion: soccer, capture the flag, capture the throton, team handball, lacrosse, basketball, flag football, ultimate Frisbee, floor hockey  • movement of the ball (offense)  • positioning to receive passes  • positioning to threaten the goal  • cutting  • communication  • movement of the ball (defense)  • mark/guard opponents	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction  Applies best practice of teaching physical education: The physical education teacher Provides clear expectations for student learning Organizes pairs, groups, and teams Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles Allows students guided choices Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle Provides for appropriate practice	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction

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	■ processes half session	1		1
	<ul> <li>pressure ball carrier</li> </ul>			
	<ul><li>communication</li></ul>			
	<ul> <li>movement with the ball (offense)</li> </ul>			
	<ul><li>pass, shoot/score, move</li></ul>			
	■ faking			
	■ communication			
	<ul> <li>examples of strategies</li> </ul>			
	zone vs. man defenses in football and			
	basketball, set plays			
3. Students will	The student	TEACHED MOTES	DECOURCE NOTES	ACCECCA AENIT NOTEC
understand the		TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
implications of and				
the benefits	3.1.1 Identifies and analyzes the physical benefits of regular	See instructional strategies in	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the
derived from	participation in physical activity e.g.	the introduction		introduction
involvement in	o www.choosemyplate.gov		Supplementary books/materials	
physical activity.	o www.fitness.gov	DISTRICT INITIATIVES &	Appropriate Instructional Practice Guidelines for Middle School Physical Education	STANDARDIZED AND
. ,	o www.cdc.gov	RESEARCH	Fitnessgram/Activitygram Test Administration	REQUIRED
3.1 Analyze the	health benefits		Manual 4 <sup>th</sup> Edition	<ul> <li>Common tasks</li> </ul>
physical benefits of	o improves bone strength	Applies best practice of	<ul> <li>Guidelines for Physical Education Programs, 2<sup>nd</sup></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fitnessgram<sup>™</sup></li> </ul>
		teaching physical education:	edition	
regular	o improves muscular strength and endurance	The physical education teacher	<ul> <li>Moving into the Future National Standards for Physical Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition</li> </ul>	SUGGESTED
participation in	<ul> <li>improves sleep patterns/quality</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provides clear expectations</li> </ul>	Opportunity to Learn Guidelines for Middle School	
physical activity	o increases energy	for student learning	Physical Education, NASPE	Activity log s
(e.g., reduce health	<ul> <li>increases immune system function</li> </ul>	Organizes pairs, groups, and	P.E. Teacher's Skill by Skill	
risks, disease	<ul> <li>lowers blood pressure</li> </ul>	teams	Physical Best Activity Guide, NASPE     Physical Educators Guide for Teaching Tennis	Anecdotal records
prevention).	<ul> <li>reduces stress</li> </ul>	Begins with anticipatory set	Presidential Fitness Challenge	
	<ul> <li>strengthens cardio-vascular system</li> </ul>	and physical warm-up,	Shape-up Rhode Island	Fitnessgram™
	<ul> <li>disease prevention and health risks</li> </ul>	proceeds to instructional	<ul> <li>Success Oriented P.E. Activities for Secondary</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>chronic illnesses</li> </ul>	· ·	Students	Interviews
	<ul> <li>heart disease</li> </ul>	focus and fitness activities,	Supporting Physically Active Lifestyles through Quality Physical Education (RIDE)	Student to student
	<ul> <li>high cholesterol</li> </ul>	and closes with physiological	The Rhode Island Physical Education Framework	Teacher to student
	<ul><li>hypertension/high blood pressure</li></ul>	cool down and a review of	•	
	o obesity	instructional objectives	Technology	Journals
	o osteoporosis	Uses a variety of direct and	<ul><li>Apple T.V.</li><li>CDs</li></ul>	304.11413
	·	indirect teaching styles	CDS     Computer lab	Multiple Intelligences
	o respiratory diseases	<ul> <li>Allows students guided</li> </ul>	Internet	
	o stroke	choices	• I-pads	assessments (e.g. role
	<ul> <li>Type II diabetes</li> </ul>	Emphasizes critical thinking	Kinects Gamming Systems™	playing – bodily
	physiological changes	and problem-solving tactics	<ul> <li>LCD projector/ laptop</li> <li>Nike Trainer™</li> </ul>	kinesthetic, graphic
	<ul> <li>increase muscle mass</li> </ul>	Demonstrates enthusiasm for	Nike Trainer™     Run Keeper™	organizing – visual,
	<ul> <li>increases metabolism</li> </ul>	an active, healthy lifestyle	Smart Board™	collaboration-
	<ul> <li>longevity</li> </ul>	Provides for appropriate	VCR/DVD	interpersonal, etc.)
	<ul> <li>reduces body fat, controls weight</li> </ul>	practice	tarak dana	
	<ul> <li>components of fitness target</li> </ul>	practice	Web sites  www.aahperd.org	Oral
	muscular strength	Differential and the second	www.bgcnewport.org	
	massalar strength	Differentiates instruction by		

■ muscular endurance	varying the content process	www.cdc.gov	
mascalar charantee	varying the content, process,	www.cdc.gov     www.charactercounts.org	
<ul> <li>flexibility</li> </ul>	and product	www.edhelper.com	Rubrics/checklists
<ul><li>cardio vascular</li></ul>		www.eteamz.com/islanders	
	Use Classroom Instruction	• www.fitness.gov	Performance-based tasks
3.1.2 Understands the benefits of warm-up and cool-down	That Works Strategies:	• <u>www.fitnessgram.net</u>	r eriormance-baseu tasks
principles in a fitness plan:	<ul> <li>Setting objectives and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>www.fitnessmercola.com</li> <li>www.heart.org</li> </ul>	Calf
• warm-up	providing feedback	www.kidshealth.org	Self-assessment
<ul> <li>low intensity activity, e.g. walking, jogging</li> </ul>	Reinforcing effort and	www.letsmoveinschool.org	
o dynamic stretching, e.g. walking lunges, high	providing recognition	www.middletownri.com	Self and peer evaluation
knees (stretching with movement)	Cooperative learning	www.mypyramid.gov	(e.g. Ticket out the door,
o static stretching, e.g. triceps overhead stretch	Cues, questions, and advance	<ul><li>www.newportymca.org</li><li>www.nfl.com/play60</li></ul>	peer editing)
(stretching with no movement)	organizers	www.nii.com/piayoo     www.pbis.org	peer editing)
		www.pecentral.com	To the other
• cool-down	Nonlinguistic	www.presidentschallenge.org	Technology
o low intensity activity, e.g. walking, jogging	representations	www.riahperd.org	
o static stretching.	Summarizing and note taking	<ul> <li>www.ride.ri.gov</li> <li>www.shapeupri.org</li> </ul>	Tests/quizzes
o <u>www.fitnessgram.net</u>	Assigning homework and	www.snapeupri.org     www.thrive.org	
<ul> <li>www.pbs.org (life fitness)</li> </ul>	providing practice	www.wikipedia.com	Written responses
	Identifying similarities and	<ul> <li>www.livebinders.com/play/play?id=790009</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Arguments</li> </ul>
	differences		<ul> <li>Informative</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Generating and testing</li> </ul>	Materials  Clipboards	
	hypotheses	• DVDs	
	<ul> <li>Provide opportunities for</li> </ul>	Easel paper	
	independent, partner and	Easels	
	collaborative group work	• Markers	
	conductative group work	<ul><li>Poster boards</li><li>Stopwatches</li></ul>	
	Facilitates best practices of	Sports equipment see introduction	
		Student white boards	
	teaching that include:	White board markers and erasers	
	student-centered		
	experiential	School library     Computer lab and library books	
	holistic	School/Community	
	authentic	School nurse	
	expressive		
	reflective		
	• social		
	<ul> <li>collaborative</li> </ul>		
	democratic		
	cognitive		
	developmental		
	constructivist/heuristic		
	challenging		
	Addresses multiple		
	intelligences (instructional		
	intemgences (motructional		1

3. Students will understand the implications of and the benefits derived from involvement in physical activity.  3.2 Analyze the emotional benefits of regular participation in physical activity (e.g., increased self-esteem, stress reduction, reduces depression, self-discipline).	The student  3.2.1 Analyzes and evaluates the emotional benefits of regular participation in physical activity e.g.  • increases  • endorphins (e.g. runners high)  • self-esteem  • self-image and confidence  • self-discipline, e.g.  • goal setting  • time management  • quality of life and better mood  • overall feeling of wellness and well being  • energy to participate in more activities of choice  • exposure to life-long recreational opportunities, e.g. tennis, golf  • participation in activities for enjoyment  • reduces  • anxiety  • depression  • negative peer pressure  • stress  The student	strategies)  Facilitates integration of the applied learning standards  • problem solving  • communication  • critical thinking  • research  • reflection/evaluation  TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction  RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction  ASSESSMENT NOTES
understand the implications of and the benefits derived from involvement in physical activity.	<ul> <li>3.3.1 Identifies and analyzes the social benefits of regular participation in physical activity e.g.,</li> <li>cooperation</li> <li>sportsmanship</li> <li>teamwork</li> </ul>	See instructional strategies in the introduction	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the introduction

2.2. A	1			1
3.3 Analyze the social	• relationships			
benefits of regular	o community			
participation in	o family			
physical activity	o friends			
(e.g., cooperation,	o peers			
sportsmanship,	o school			
teamwork).				
	3.3.2 Understands that physical activity provides an opportunity			
	for <b>positive social interaction</b> through:			
	• respect			
	<ul> <li>responsibility</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>integrity</li> </ul>			
	self-direction			
	perseverance			
	• cooperation			
	• honesty			
	• patience			
	·			
	self-discipline			
	• trust			
	positive communication			
	<ul> <li>sportsmanship</li> </ul>			
2 0 1 1 1				
3. Students will	The student	TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
understand the		TEACHER NOTES	RESCORCE NOTES	ASSESSIVIEIT NOTES
implications of and	3.4.1 Analyzes, predicts and evaluates the <b>cognitive benefits</b> of	See instructional strategies in	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the
the benefits	regular participation in physical activity e.g.,	the introduction	See resources in the introduction	introduction
derived	<ul> <li>produces state of relaxed alertness conducive to</li> </ul>	the introduction		introduction
from involvement in	learning			
physical activity.	<ul> <li>improves focus, concentration and awareness</li> </ul>			
3.4 Identify the	3.4.2 Analyzes, predicts and evaluates that physical activity can			
identify the	increase			
cognitive benefits	<ul> <li>physiological factors/changes which enhance</li> </ul>			
of regular	cognitive function and decision-making			
participation in	<ul> <li>increases levels of endorphins in the brain</li> </ul>			
physical activity	<ul> <li>increases blood flow (oxygen) to the brain</li> </ul>			
(e.g., increases	test scores			
levels of serotonin	<ul> <li>focus, concentration and awareness</li> </ul>			
and endorphins in	better attendance in schools			
the brain,				
producing state of	3.4.3 Evaluates the value of physical activity for life-			
relaxed alertness	long wellness.			
conducive to	1 3			

learning.)				
4. Students will apply physical activity-related skills and concepts to maintain a physically active lifestyle and a health-enhancing level of physical fitness.  4.1 Participate in the health-related physical fitness assessment.	4.1.1 Identifies and understand the components of physical fitness:  • cardiovascular endurance • flexibility • muscular strength and endurance  4.1.2 Participates in the pre and post-test Fitnessgram™ to assess • cardiovascular endurance • flexibility • muscular strength and endurance • www.fitnessgram.net  4.1.2 Participates in a modified Fitnessgram™ to assess if necessary. • www.fitnessgram.net	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction
4. Students will apply physical activity-related skills and concepts to maintain a physically active lifestyle and a health-enhancing level of physical fitness.  4.2 Show improvement in, meet, or exceed the health-related fitness standards of the assessment tool.	The student  4.2.1 Meets health-related physical fitness standards established by the Fitnessgram™  • Sit and reach  • Curl-ups  • Pacer  • Shoulder stretch  • Push-up  • Pull-ups or flexed-arm hang  • www.fitnessgram.net  4.2.2 Identifies the nationally recognized scores for the healthy fitness zone (established by the Fitnessgram™, data 2012)	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction

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- 4. Students will apply physical activity-related skills and concepts to maintain a physically active lifestyle and a health-enhancing level of physical fitness.
- 4.3 Interpret results of fitness assessment to understand personal health status.

#### The student

- 4..3.1 Compares personal test scores with the Fitnessgram™ healthy fitness zone
  - flexibility
  - cardiovascular endurance
  - muscular strength and endurance
    - www.fitnessgram.net

	EXCEEDS	MEETS PROF	<b>BELOW STAN</b>	NOT FROF
	4	3	2	1
SIT-UPS: MALE	48+	24-47	14-23	0-13
SIT-UPS:FEMALE	33+	18-32	917	0-8
PUSH-UPS: MALE	35+	15-35	714	0-6
PUSH-UPS: FEMALI	16+	715	36	02
PACER: MALE	84+	41-83	20-40	0-19
PACER:FEMALE	61+	23-61	1222	011
MILE:MALE	<7:00	7:01-9:30	9:31-13:30	>13:31
MILE:FEMALE	<8:00	8:00-10:30	10:31-14:00	>14:01

- 4.3.2 Analyzes **pre-Fitnessgram™**, **scores** (formative) and Identifies personal strengths and weaknesses,
  - e.g. a 15 year old girl runs a mile in 12 minutes and 34 seconds:
    - analyze and compare that time to the standard (8-10 minutes, 30 seconds)
    - identify and implement an exercise routine supported by the established decision-making rubric to set a goal to improve.
      - www.fitnessgram.net
- 4.3.3 Analyzes accumulated Fitnessgram™ data, synthesize information, and predict how the results are important to present and future health (grade 10)
  - o <u>www.fitnessgram.net</u>
- 4.3.4 Compares and analyzes the **post Fitnessgram™ scores**, in relation to the **healthy fitness zone** and identifies

#### **TEACHER NOTES**

See instructional strategies in the introduction

# Applies best practice of teaching physical education:

The physical education teacherProvides clear expectations

- for student learning
  Organizes pairs, groups, and
- Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives
- Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles
- Allows students guided choices
- Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics
- Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle
- Provides for appropriate practice

#### RESOURCE NOTES ASSESSMENT NOTES

See resources in the introduction

See assessments in the introduction

	personal strengths and weaknesses.  o www.fitnessgram.net  4.3.5 Analyzes and uses feedback from the post Fitnessgram™ and personal goals to analyze social and emotional factors that contribute to his/her personal Fitnessgram™ results. (grade 11)  4.3.6 Uses feedback from the post Fitnessgram™ and personal goals to maintain life-long healthy fitness. (grade 12)  o www.fitnessgram.net			
4. Students will apply physical activity-related skills and concepts to maintain a physically active lifestyle and a health-enhancing level of physical fitness.  4.4 Apply fitness assessment results to develop personal fitness goals and create a detailed plan to achieve those goals to improve personal health status.	4.4.1 Knows and applies the goal setting model, "SMARTY" to develop personal fitness goals and create a detail plan. (grade 10)  Sequence Sequence Measurable Actionable Resultationable Resul	See instructional strategies in the introduction  Applies best practice of teaching physical education: The physical education teacher Provides clear expectations for student learning Organizes pairs, groups, and teams Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles Allows students guided choices Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle Provides for appropriate practice	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction

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	muscle group than it usually handles in order to increase fitness FITT  o sets - group of repetitions			
Students will apply physical activity-	The student	TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
related skills and concepts to maintain a physically active lifestyle and a health-enhancing level of physical fitness.  4.5 Explain how and why participation in a variety of activities can	4.5.1 Participates in a wide range of activities and is able to connecthow the activity is related to his/her fitness and health  • Net: volleyball, badminton, table tennis, pickle ball, tennis  • Territory/invasion: soccer, capture the flag, capture the throton, team handball, lacrosse, basketball, flag football, ultimate Frisbee, floor hockey  • Striking: softball/wiffleball, kickball  • Dance/rhythm: line dancing, four wall dancing,	See instructional strategies in the introduction Applies best practice of teaching physical education: The physical education teacher Provides clear expectations for student learning Organizes pairs, groups, and teams Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up,	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the introduction

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affect fitness and	kinocto zumba	proceeds to instructional		
affect fitness and health.	<ul> <li>Fitness: track and field, personal fitness, yoga, kick boxing, circuit training, weight training</li> <li>Cooperative: omnikin ball, team building activities, hula hut, cooperative games, childhood games</li> <li>Target: archery, golf, disc golf</li> <li>Recreational: backyard games (spike ball, bocce, ladder golf, baggo)</li> <li>4.5.2 Understands how activities can affect fitness and health, e.g. playing basketball affects cardio-vascular endurance just as running the mile affects cardio-vascular fitness.</li> <li>4.5.3 Selects a variety of activities that are personally appealing.         <ul> <li>www.livestrong.com</li> <li>(overall wellness)</li> <li>www.pbs.org</li> <li>(life fitness)</li> </ul> </li> <li>4.5.4 Understands and engages in warm-up principles in daily physical activity:         <ul> <li>low intensity activity, e.g. walking, jogging</li> <li>dynamic stretching, e.g. walking lunges, high knees (stretching with movement)</li> <li>static stretching, e.g. triceps overhead stretch (stretching with no movement)</li> <li>www.fitnessgram.net</li> <li>www.fitnessgram.net</li> <li>www.pbs.org (life fitness)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives  Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles  Allows students guided choices  Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics  Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle  Provides for appropriate practice		
Students will apply     physical activity-     related skills and	The student	TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
concepts to maintain a physically active lifestyle and a health-enhancing level of physical	4.6.1 Participates regularly in health-enhancing and personally rewarding physical activity outside the physical education class setting and documents data of activities.  - www.livestrong.com (overall wellness) - www.pbs.org (life fitness)	See instructional strategies in the introduction	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the introduction
fitness.	4.6.2 Identifies and participates in <b>physical activities to improve skills and fitness i</b> n			
4.6 Participate in activities to improve physical skills and fitness	<ul> <li>cardiovascular endurance</li> <li>walk, jog, run</li> <li>swim, water aerobics</li> <li>bike, spinning</li> </ul>			

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(include activities related to each component of health-related physical fitness).	<ul> <li>aerobics, dance, step aerobics, zumba, cardio kick-boxing</li> <li>electronic guided fitness activities, e.g. Wii fit</li> <li>muscular strength/muscular endurance</li> <li>push-ups</li> <li>sit-ups</li> <li>resistance training</li> <li>machine weights, free weights, circuit training</li> <li>martial arts</li> <li>surfing/skating boarding</li> <li>flexibility</li> <li>yoga, Pilates</li> <li>static stretching</li> <li>dynamic stretching</li> <li>martial arts</li> </ul>			
4. Students will apply physical activity-related skills and concepts to maintain a physically active lifestyle and a health-enhancing level of physical fitness.	The student  4.7.1 Analyzes factors that inhibit or encourage a physically active lifestyle, e.g.  • encourage: friends and family role models, time management, confidence, cultural interests, environment, accessibility  • inhibit: time constraints, financial considerations, motivation, accessibility, environment, illness, low energy, friends and family	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction
4.7 Analyze factors that affect physical activity and apply behavioral and cognitive strategies to adopt and maintain a physically active lifestyle.	<ul> <li>4.7.2 Develops and applies personal strategies to adopt and maintain a physically active lifestyle <ul> <li>accessibility/transportation</li> <li>affordable solutions</li> <li>explaining positive and negative attitudes toward exercise</li> <li>finding enjoyable activities</li> <li>identifying obstacles and creating a plan to avoid them</li> <li>participating in a variety of activities</li> <li>rewarding success</li> <li>scheduling time/time management</li> <li>setting goals that are realistic</li> <li>working out with a buddy</li> </ul> </li></ul>			

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4 Charles III and	The state of	T		1
4. Students will apply	The student	TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
physical activity-		TEACHER NOTES	MESOUNCE NOTES	ASSESSIVIENT NOTES
related skills and		See instructional strategies in	See resources in the introduction	San assassments in the
concepts to	4.8.1 Maintains a <b>goal setting log</b> (written or technology-based)		See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the
maintain	to document U.S. Department of Health and Human	the introduction		introduction
a physically active	Services* current recommendations for physical activity,			
lifestyle and a	e.g.			
health-enhancing	1 hour or more a day of moderate or vigorous			
level of physical	intensity aerobic physical activity every day			
fitness.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
	<ul> <li>vigorous intensity activity at least 3 days per week</li> </ul>			
4.8 Show	vigorous interisity activity at least 3 days per week			
improvement				
· '	<ul> <li>muscle and bone strengthening activity at least 3</li> </ul>			
in, meet or exceed	days per week.			
national physical	<ul><li>www.hrsa.gov (health resources)</li></ul>			
activity	<ul> <li>www.befrienders.org</li> </ul>			
recommendations				
by participating				
in physical				
activities in				
structured and				
non-structured				
settings that				
promote lifelong				
fitness and health.				
4. Students will apply	The student			
physical activity-		TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
related skills and	4.9.1 Utilizes how various technologies in and out of school that			
concepts to	can help to assess, plan, maintain and enhance physical	See instructional strategies in	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the
maintain a	activity level e.g.	the introduction		introduction
physically active	Nike Fuel Band			
lifestyle and a	Nike Trainer			
health-enhancing				
level of physical	- Kun Keeper			
fitness.	• Kinects			
infless.	• Fitbit			
4.0	<ul> <li>web-based programs (Fitnessgram)</li> </ul>			
4.9 Utilize a variety of	<ul> <li>pedometers</li> </ul>			
technologies to	<ul> <li>physical activity logs</li> </ul>			
assess, plan,				
maintain or	4.9.2 Monitors physical activity and intensity levels using			
enhance physical	technology e.g.			
activity level.	physical activity log			
	priyacar activity 10g	1		

	www.myplate.gov			
	www.heart.org (American Heart Association)			
	• <u>www.mapmyfitness.com</u>			
5. Students will	The student			
demonstrate	The student	TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
responsible personal	5.1.1 Wears specific and appropriate clothing and protective			
and social behavior	equipment to participate in physical activity. (handbook)	See instructional strategies in	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the
in physical activity		the introduction		introduction
settings.	5.1.2 Understands and applies <b>safety considerations</b> for all physical education activities:	Applies best practice of		
5.1 Apply safe	<ul> <li>proper attire</li> </ul>	teaching physical education:		
practices, rules,	o sneakers and socks	The physical education teacher		
and	<ul> <li>sweatshirt/sweatpants for outdoor</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Provides clear expectations for student learning</li> </ul>		
procedures in all	activities (suggested)	Organizes pairs, groups, and		
physical activity settings.	rules of the game	teams		
settings.	proper use of equipment	<ul> <li>Begins with anticipatory set</li> </ul>		
	5.1.3 Identifies and avoids actions or behaviors that endanger	and physical warm-up,		
	others, e.g.	proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities,		
	bullying/ cyber bullying	and closes with physiological		
	<ul> <li>inappropriate physical contact e.g.</li> </ul>	cool down and a review of		
	o tackling in flag football	instructional objectives		
	<ul><li>tripping</li><li>pushing/shoving</li></ul>	Uses a variety of direct and		
	inappropriate use of equipment e.g.	<ul><li>indirect teaching styles</li><li>Allows students guided</li></ul>		
	o swinging bats, sticks, rackets, clubs, bow	choices		
	and arrows	Emphasizes critical thinking		
		and problem-solving tactics		
	5.1.4 Describes safety protocol to avoid  blood-borne pathogens	Demonstrates enthusiasm for		
	transmission of disease	<ul><li>an active, healthy lifestyle</li><li>Provides for appropriate</li></ul>		
	<ul> <li>inhaler usage/breathing emergencies</li> </ul>	provides for appropriate     practice		
	dehydration	praetice		
	<ul> <li>hypo/hyperthermia during physical activity</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>inappropriate attire for weather conditions</li> </ul>			
	• injury.			
	5.1.5 Applies <b>safety protocol</b> in all physical activity settings, e.g.			
	weight room			
	gymnasium			
	locker room			

	<ul> <li>turf fields</li> <li>outdoor facilities</li> <li>5.1.6 Selects and uses appropriate warm-up and cool-down activities to prevent injuries.</li> <li>Dynamic</li> <li>Static</li> </ul>			
5. Students will demonstrate responsible personal and social behavior in physical activity settings  5.2 Explain why and how rules make participation in physical activity safe.	5.2.1 Explains why and how rules make participation in physical activity safe, e.g.  • Rules for specific sports, e.g.  • hockey – no checking  • flag football – no tackling  • proper attire and footwear  5.2.2 Understands and applies the criteria for proper, appropriate, and safe attire for physical activity:  • Athletic shorts of appropriate length (following NSHS Handbook) or sweat pants  • Jewelry (loose and dangling removed)  • Sneakers (tied)  • T-shirts or athletic jersey (following NSHS Handbook)	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction
5. Students will demonstrate responsible personal and social behavior in physical activity settings  5.3 Act independently of negative peer pressure.	<ul> <li>5.3.1 Communicates effectively with others to promote respect, tolerance, and conflict resolution in cooperative and competitive activities.         <ul> <li>www.pbis.org</li> </ul> </li> <li>5.3.2 Shows respect for others in positive and negative game situations.</li> <li>5.3.3 Accepts all decisions of game officials, e.g. teachers, students, and coaches (good sportsmanship).</li> </ul>	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction

5. Students will	The student			
demonstrate	The student	TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
responsible personal and social behavior in physical activity settings	<ul> <li>5.4.1 Resolves conflicts in appropriate ways such as:</li> <li>Proper communication</li> <li>Walking away from a situation</li> <li>Getting help</li> <li>Talking to trusted adults</li> </ul>	See instructional strategies in the introduction	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the introduction
5.4 Resolve <b>conflicts</b> in appropriate ways.	5.4.2 Applies a conflict resolution process when confronted with a behavior choice:  o define the conflict o agree to solve the problem o exchange reasons for opinions o revise opinions o brainstorm solutions o determine the best solution.			
5. Students will	The student	TEACHER MOTES	DECOURCE NOTES	A CCECCA AENIT NIOTEC
demonstrate		TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
responsible personal and social behavior in physical activity settings  5.5 Work cooperatively and productively with a partner and/or a group setting to accomplish a set goal.	<ul> <li>5.5.1 Comprehends the benefits of working cooperatively in a group to achieve one main goal by:         <ul> <li>Demonstrating positive behavior in both ccompetitive and cooperative settings.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Recognizing good sportsmanship from teammates and opponents.</li> <li>Makes good decision-making based on the safety of self and others.</li> <li>Demonstrates cooperation with peers and others through verbal and non- verbal behavior to achieve group goals.</li> <li>Demonstrates tolerance and acceptance in competitive as well as cooperative settings.</li> </ul>	See instructional strategies in the introduction	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the introduction
5. Students will	The student	TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
demonstrate responsible personal				- ESESSIVE TO TES
		See instructional strategies in	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the

		The same of the same	T	1
and social behavior	5.6.1 Applies the appropriate use of the following in all physical	the introduction		introduction
in physical activity	activity settings to ensure safety:			
settings	<ul> <li>appropriate equipment/clothing</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>field conditions and safety concerns</li> </ul>			
5.6 Anticipate	<ul> <li>good sportsmanship</li> </ul>			
potentially	<ul> <li>procedures and protocol</li> </ul>			
dangerous	proper etiquette			
consequences	rules and regulations			
and	- Tales and regulations			
outcomes of	5.6.2 Recognizes how to prevent injuries e.g.			
participation in	, , ,			
physical activities.	awareness of potential facility hazards			
priyotodi detirrilesi	extreme weather conditions			
	<ul> <li>hydration awareness</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>importance of warm-ups and cool downs</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>notify if injured</li> </ul>			
	o <u>www.health.qld.gov</u>			
5. Students will	The student			
demonstrate		TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
responsible personal	5.7.1 Understands that participating in physical activity provides			
and social behavior	opportunities to interact with a variety of peers and	See instructional strategies in	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the
in physical activity	develop existing relationships.	the introduction		introduction
settings	• www.crnhq.org (conflict resolution, conflict			
settings				
5.7 Beer the beer	resolving communication in a culture of peac	·		
5.7 Describe how	and social justice)			
physical activity can	o <u>www.essentiallifeskills.net</u> (personal			
provide	<ul> <li>development and growth, taking control of</li> </ul>			
opportunities for	life)			
positive social				
interaction.	5.7.2 Differentiates between positive and negative verbal and			
	non- verbal communication, e.g.			
	<ul> <li>body language</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>gestures</li> </ul>			
	expressions			
	• words			
	5.7.3 Demonstrates positive verbal and non-verbal			
	communication, e.g.			
	body language			
	gestures			
	• expressions			
	• words			

5. Students will demonstrate responsible personal and social behavior in physical activity settings  5.8 Participate with others in games, sports, and activities to achieve a common goal.	The student  5.8.1 Identifies and appreciates the key elements of cooperative and productive group processes:  • cooperation/collaboration • creativity/thoughtful • communication skills • active • reflective • positive risk taking • leadership/shared leadership • respect • trust • self-discipline • www.essentiallifeskills.net (personal development and growth, taking control of life)  5.8.2 Demonstrates the following to achieve the common goal of the activity or sport: • communication • conflict resolution • cooperation • etiquette • group identity • positive interaction • rules and procedures • roles and relationships • safe practices • short and long-term goals • sportsmanship • teamwork	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction
C. Charleste will				
6. Students will understand that internal and external environments influence physical activity.	The student  6.1.1 Identifies various safe locations that are intended for physical activity, e.g.  Bike paths – Blackstone Valley  Home setting, e.g. Backyard, basement  Lakes/beaches/pools/ Reservoir - fishing	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction

6.1 Evaluate	Nature reserve areas - Audubon, Nature Trail
appropriate	Parks – Pacheco Park, The Meadows
and safe areas	Playgrounds
within the	Private and public facilities
community to	o YMCA
participate in	o Wide World of Sports
physical activity.	o RI Sport Center/146A Ice Rink
	o The Habitat
	o Karate
	Recreation Department
	o Tennis courts
	Outdoor basketball facilities
	Organized youth sports teams, leagues and
	clubs
	School grounds - Disc Golf Course, weight room,
	gymnasium
	Skate parks
	Turf field/track
	Bowling Alley
	Bryant University
	Roads, sidewalks, and parking lots
	Scouting (boys and girls)
	<ul> <li>www.shapeupri.org (where to go in RI for</li> </ul>
	physical activity, hiking, rock climbing)
	6.1.2 Understands what constitutes a safe location for physical
	activity:
	facilities and equipment are inspected and
	maintained
	regulations for safe and acceptable conduct are
	established
	alcohol and other drugs are prohibited
	law enforcement patrols provided
	night lighting may be provided
	safe locations for winter activities
	home play
	O www.healthychildren.org (American
	Academy of Pediatrics)
	Academy of rediatrics)
<u> </u>	

6. Students will understand that internal and external environments influence physical activity.  6.2 Identify physical activities that can be performed in a variety of settings.	Identifies physical activities that can be performed in a variety of settings, e.g.   Net: volleyball, badminton, table tennis, pickle ball, tennis   after school clinics   elite (e.g. AAU, development team)   home setting   interscholastic teams   intramural activities     Territory/invasion: soccer, capture the flag, capture the throton, team handball, lacrosse, basketball, flag football, ultimate Frisbee, floor hockey   after school clinics   elite (e.g. AAU, development team)   home setting   interscholastic teams   intramural activities   ercreational activities     Striking: softball/wiffleball, kickball   elite (e.g. AAU, development team)   home setting   interscholastic teams   intramural activities   elite (e.g. AAU, development team)   home setting   interscholastic teams   intramural activities   private facilities   private facilities   private facilities   private facilities   private facilities   personal and home training   home setting   intramural club   entramural cl	See instructional strategies in the introduction  Applies best practice of teaching physical education: The physical education teacher Provides clear expectations for student learning Organizes pairs, groups, and teams Begins with anticipatory set and physical warm-up, proceeds to instructional focus and fitness activities, and closes with physiological cool down and a review of instructional objectives Uses a variety of direct and indirect teaching styles Allows students guided choices Emphasizes critical thinking and problem-solving tactics Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle Provides for appropriate practice	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction

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	<ul> <li>public/private facilities</li> <li>personal and home training</li> </ul>			
	o home setting			
	o intramural club			
	<ul> <li>wellness activities</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Target: archery, golf, disc golf</li> </ul>			
	o intramural club			
	<ul> <li>public/private facilities (Country \</li> </ul>	'iew		
	Golf Course, Crystal Lake)			
	o personal and home training			
	Recreational: backyard games (spike ball, b	occe,		
	ladder golf, baggo			
	<ul> <li>home setting</li> </ul>			
6. Students will	The student	TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
understand that		TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSIVIENT NOTES
internal and		See instructional strategies in	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the
external environments	6.3.1 Identifies, analyzes, and understands that t various media and technology can positively influence one's		See resources in the introduction	introduction
influence physical	of physical activity tracking programs e.g.	level		
activity.	Nike Fuel Band	Applies best practice of		
delivity.	Run Keeper/ Nike running	teaching physical education:		
6.3 Analyze how media	Activity Gram	The physical education teacher		
and technology	My Fitness Pal	Provides clear expectations		
can impact one's	heart rate monitors	for student learning		
level	• pedometers	<ul> <li>Organizes pairs, groups, and teams</li> </ul>		
and type of	DVDs – exercise programs	Begins with anticipatory set		
physical activity.	<ul> <li>Games – Wii Fitness, X-Box</li> </ul>	and physical warm-up,		
	<ul> <li>Internet, e.g., virtual trainers, logs, journals</li> </ul>	proceeds to instructional		
	Music - ipods, MP3, cell/smart phones	focus and fitness activities,		
	o <u>www.heartratemonitorzone.net</u>	and closes with physiological		
	o <u>www.gmap-pedometer.com</u>	cool down and a review of		
	o <u>www.myfitnessjournal.com</u> (journal w	riting instructional objectives		
	for activities, calories, etc.)	<ul> <li>Uses a variety of direct and</li> </ul>		
		indirect teaching styles		
	6.3.2 Applies various media and technology that positively	_		
	influences one's level and type of physical activity.	choices		
	Nike Fuel Band	Emphasizes critical thinking		
	Run Keeper/ Nike running	and problem-solving tactics		
	Activity Gram	Demonstrates enthusiasm for an active, healthy lifestyle		
	My Fitness Pal	Provides for appropriate		
		Provides for appropriate		

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	heart rate meniters	nractico	1	
	<ul> <li>heart rate monitors</li> <li>pedometers</li> <li>DVDs – exercise programs</li> <li>games – Wii Fitness, X-Box</li> <li>Internet, e.g., virtual trainers, logs, journals</li> <li>Music - ipods, MP3, cell/smart phones</li> <li>www.acefitness.org (fitness workouts)</li> </ul>	practice		
6. Students will understand that internal and external environments influence physical activity.  6.4 Explain how the home/family environment can impact one's level of physical activity.	<ul> <li>The student</li> <li>6.4.1 Understands how the home/family environment can impact one's level of physical activity.</li> <li>6.4.2 Analyzes that family attitudes toward activity influence commitment to physical activity.</li> <li>6.4.3 Connects financial, nutritional, recreational, and physical activity values from family members.</li> <li>6.4.4 Recognizes that one's home/family environment can have positive and negative influences.</li> </ul>	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction
6. Students will understand that internal and external environments influence physical activity.  6.5 Design healthy ways to promote physical activity with one's peers.	The student  6.5.1 Describes healthy ways to promote physical activity with one's peers through:  • challenging experiences (signing up for a 5K)  • inclusion (inviting others, joining groups)  • modeling (Unified Sports)  • positive reinforcement (buddy system)  • www.healthychildren.org (American Academy of Pediatrics)  • www.nfl.com/play60	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction
6. Students will understand that internal and	The student	TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
external	6.6.1 Identifies youth organizations in the community that offer	See instructional strategies in	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the

on discourse sets	nhusical activity progresses	the introduction		introduction
environments	physical activity programs	the introduction		introduction
influence physical	Bike paths – Blackstone Valley			
activity.	Home setting, e.g. Backyard, basement			
	Lakes/beaches/pools/ Reservoir - fishing			
6.6 Identify youth	Nature reserve areas - Audubon, Nature Trail			
organizations in	<ul> <li>Parks – Pacheco Park, The Meadows</li> </ul>			
the community	<ul> <li>Playgrounds</li> </ul>			
that offer	Private and public facilities			
physical activity	o YMCA			
programs (e.g.,	<ul> <li>Wide World of Sports</li> </ul>			
YMCA/YWCA,	o RI Sport Center/146A Ice Rink			
Recreation	<ul> <li>The Habitat</li> </ul>			
departments,	o Karate			
PAL).	Recreation Department			
	<ul> <li>Tennis courts</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Outdoor basketball facilities</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Organized youth sports teams, leagues and</li> </ul>			
	clubs			
	<ul> <li>School grounds - Disc Golf Course, weight room,</li> </ul>			
	gymnasium			
	Skate parks			
	Turf field/track			
	Bowling Alley			
	Bryant University			
	Roads, sidewalks, and parking lots			
	Scouting (boys and girls)			
	Dance Steps			
	Dance Creation			
	- Zamba Wax Filless			
	X-Press Cheerleading			
	o <u>www.shapeupri.org</u> (where to go in RI for			
	physical activity, hiking, biking, rock climbing)			
6. Students will	The student	TEACHER NOTES	DECOLIDEE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
understand that		TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSIVIEINT NUTES
internal and external		Con instructional strategies:	Con recourses in the introduction	Con accomments in the
environments	6.7.1 Analyzes and uses a variety of resources to select physical	See instructional strategies in	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the
influence physical	activity information that is reliable and valid, e.g.	the introduction		introduction
activity.	classroom teacher			
	• coach			
6.7 Analyze a variety of	health teacher			
resources to select	internet resources			

physical activity information that is reliable and valid.	<ul> <li>library</li> <li>parents</li> <li>peers</li> <li>physical education teacher</li> <li>physician</li> <li>print resources</li> <li>school nurse</li> <li>www.kidshealth.org</li> </ul>			
6. Students will understand that internal and external environments influence physical activity.  6.8 Identify and analyze how positive and negative emotions can impact physical activity levels, and describe ways to overcome emotional barriers to physical activity.	6.8.1 Identifies, analyzes and evaluates how physical activity can be helpful in coping and overcoming negative emotions  • positive reinforcement  • positive self-esteem  • set realistic goals  • rewarding success  • recognizes self-accomplishments  • motivational techniques e.g. (music, friends, activity logs, goals, etc.).  ○ www.ncpad.org (emotional, mental, social benefits of activity)  6.8.2 Identifies, analyzes, and evaluates how positive emotions can embrace/promote physical activity levels, e.g.  • the effect of endorphins  • positive experience results in desire to continue  • grade 11 Fitnessgram ™Common Task  • self-confidence, self-body image.  ○ www.kidshealth.org	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction
Common Core Literacy in Technical Subjects READING	Read closely to determine what the text says explicitly and to make logical inferences from it.  Craft and Structure:     Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical meanings.  Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	TEACHER NOTES  See instructional strategies in the introduction	RESOURCE NOTES  See resources in the introduction	ASSESSMENT NOTES  See assessments in the introduction

	<ul> <li>Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse formats and media, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.</li> <li>Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:         <ul> <li>Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
Common Core Literacy	Text Types and Purposes			
in Technical Subjects	Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of	TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
WRITING	substantive topics using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.	See instructional strategies in the introduction	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the introduction
	<ul> <li>Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.</li> </ul>			
	Production and Distribution of Writing  Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.			
	Research to Build and Present Knowledge  • Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.			
	<ul> <li>Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.</li> </ul>			
	Write routinely over shorter time frames for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.			
Common Core Literacy in Technical Subjects	Comprehension and Collaboration  • Prepare for and participate effectively in a range of	TEACHER NOTES	RESOURCE NOTES	ASSESSMENT NOTES
SPEAKING AND LISTENING	conversations and collaborations with diverse partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly and persuasively.	See instructional strategies in the introduction	See resources in the introduction	See assessments in the introduction

Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.	
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas  Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	
Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate	