MATHEMATICS COMMON CORE CURRICULUM UNIT #1 Grade K* North Smithfield School Department

TITLE OF UNIT: Number Names and Co	unt Sequences
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GRADE: K

DATE PRESENTED: _

___DATE DUE: ____

LENGTH OF TIME: 7 Weeks (5 weeks of explicit of instruction and 2 weeks of assessment & re-teaching)

OVERVIEW OF UNIT:

Students will use the numbers 0 – 9 to complete a variety of counting and number activities such as oral counting, 1:1 counting, number writing, number representation and begin to understand the relationship between numbers and quantities. They will also begin to answer mathematical questions (How many?). Addition and subtraction will begin to be explored.

ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS

- What number patterns do you hear? Twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three,...
- What number patterns do you see? 11, 12, 13, ...
- What does this numeral/number mean?
- What strategy did you use to count? How did you make sure that you counted all the objects?
- Why is it important to count each object only once?
- How many are there? (Rearrange and ask again.)
- How many are there? (Add another object) How many are there now? How do you know?
- What is addition?
- What is subtraction?
- How does (one child's strategy) relate to (another child's strategy)?

STANDARDS: Common Core Math Standards – Grade level domains K-5 Counting and Operations and Number and Number and Measurement and Data Geometry G Operations in Base Ten Cardinality CC Algebraic Thinking Operations - Fractions MD NF NBT K.CC.1 K.OA.1 K.CC.3 K.CC.4 K.CC.5 Modeling with Geometry G-MG STANDARDS: Mathematical Practices grades K-12 Make sense of Construct viable Look for and Look for and 1. 3 5 Use appropriate 8 problems and express regularity arguments and tools make use of in repeated , persevere in critique the strategically structure solving them reasoning of others reasoning 2 Reason abstractly 6. Attend to 4 Model with and quantitatively mathematics * precision FOCUS MATHEMATICS STANDARDS: Understand addition as putting together and adding to, Know number names and the count sequence. K.CC.1,3 and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking Count to tell the number of objects. K.CC.4, 5 from K.OA.1 **Applied Learning Standards:** communication critical thinking reflection/ evaluation problem solving research Expectations for Student Learning (High School only): **ENDURING UNDERSTANDING:**

At the end of this unit, students will begin to understand and apply number knowledge using the numbers 0 - 9.

PRIOR KNOWLEDGE:

- Use numbers and counting as a means for solving problems, predicting and measuring quantity.
- Associate a number of objects with names and symbols for numbers.

STUDENT OBJECTIVES, SKILLS and/or NEW KNOWLEDGE:

Saying the number names in a count sequence is a rote process. While it is foundational to counting, it does not indicate understanding of the relationship between quantity and number.

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- Oral and written patterns exist in the counting sequence (e.g., +1 pattern, +10 pattern, etc.)
- Number names can be written as numerals.
- Counting tells us 'how many'.
- Counting assigns a number name to an object or a set of objects. When counting, each object is paired with only one number name.
- The last number counted states the total in the group. This is known as cardinality.
- The quantity remains the same regardless of the arrangement of the objects or the order in which we count the objects. This is known as conservation of number.
- Addition is putting things together and adding to.
- Subtraction is taking apart and taking from.

SUGGESTED PROBLEMS:

ACTIVITIES, PRODUCTS, PERFORMANCE, and ASSESSMENTS: see curriculum introduction

Graphic organizers

- Application to real world 1. problems
- 2. Creating charts/collecting 8. data 3. Collaboration -
 - Journals 9.

6.

7.

10. KWL charts

Graphing

Interviews

- interpersonal 4.
- 11. Mathematical Practices
- Conferencing
- 5. Exhibits
- 12. Modeling ★
- 13. Oral presentations
- 14. Problem/Performance based/common tasks
- 15. Real-life applications involving graphing
- 16. Represent numbers
- 17. Rubrics/checklists (mathematical practice, modeling)
- 18. Technology
- 19. Summarizing and notetaking
- 20. Tests and guizzes
- 21. Writing genres
 - Arguments/ opinion Informative

HIGHER ORDER THINKING SKILLS: Web's Depth of Knowledge 2 – 4 or Bloom's Taxonomy

Web's Depth of Knowledge

• Number

• Numeral

One more

• Decompose

• How many?

Make fives

• Make tens

• Equal to

• Equation

Join

• Object

- skill/conceptual understanding
- strategic reasoning ٠
- extended reasoning

- Bloom's Taxonomy
- apply •
- analyze .
- synthesize/create
- evaluate

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES: see curriculum for specifics

VOCABULARY

Counting and Cardinality

- Count
- Counting sequence
- Digit
- Match

Operations and Algebraic Thinking

- Add to
- Addend
- Break apart
- Combinations
- Combine
- Count back
- Count on

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• Counting up to

- Ones
- Organize Quantity •
- Remove

- Minus •
- Part
- Put together Remove

- Mental image

- Separate
- Strategies

- Tens Total
- Zero •
- Subtract
- Sum
- Symbols •
- Take away
- Total
- Use doubles
- Whole
- Plus

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LESSON PLAN for UNIT _____

LESSONS

- Lesson # 1 Summary:
- Lesson #2 Summary:
- Lesson #3 Summary:

OBJECTIVES for LESSON # _____

- Materials/Resources:
- Procedures:
 - Lead --in
 - Step by step
 - Closure
- Instructional strategies: see curriculum introduction
- Assessments: see curriculum introduction
 o Formative

o Summative