| TITLE OF UNIT: Unit 4 Trigonometric Functions COL   |   | COURSE OR GRADE : Algebra 2   |  |
|---|---|---|--|
| DATE PRESENTED:   | DATE DUE:   | LENGTH OF TIME: Several week  | ks, quarter, semester  |
| <b>OVERVIEW OF UNIT:</b><br>Unit 4 standards will focus on extending t<br>the unit circle, modeling periodic phenom<br>and applying trigonometric identities.   | he domain of trigonometric functions<br>iena with trigonometric functions, and  | d proving ESSENTIAL QUE<br>PROMPT, PROBLE   | STION,<br>EM/UNIT  |
| STANDARDS: Con<br>Number and Quantity Algel   | nmon Core Math Standards – Gr<br>ora Functions  | rade level Categories 9-12<br>Modeling Geometry   | Statistics and<br>Probability  |
| □ The Real Number □ Seeing Str<br>System N-RN Expressio   | ructure in Interpreting<br>ns A-SSE Function F-If   | Congruence G-CO   | <ul> <li>Interpreting</li> <li>Categorical and</li> <li>Quantitative Data</li> </ul> |
| Quantities N-Q Arithmetic<br>Polynomia<br>Rational<br>Expressio<br>The Complex Creating E<br>Number System N-<br>CN<br>Vector and Matrix Reasoning  | with Diliding Functions<br>ls and F-BF<br>ns A-APR<br>quations Linear, Quadratic,<br>and Exponential<br>Models F-LE<br>g with Trigonometric | <ul> <li>Similarity, Right<br/>Triangles, and<br/>Trigonometry G-<br/>SRT</li> <li>Circles G-c</li> <li>Expressing</li> </ul>                                       | S-ID<br>Making Inference:<br>and Justifying<br>Conclusions S-IC                      |
| Quantities N-VM Equations<br>Inequalitie  | and Functions F-TF<br>s A-REI   | Geometric<br>Properties with<br>Equations G-GPE<br>Geometric<br>Measurement and<br>Dimensions G-GMD<br>Modeling with<br>Geometry G-MG                               |  |
| STANDARDS: Mathematical Practi  | ces grades K-12   |   |  |
| <ol> <li>Make sense of<br/>problems and<br/>persevere in<br/>solving them</li> <li>Reason abstractly<br/>and quantitatively</li> <li>Model v<br/>mathem</li> </ol>  | t viable 5. Use appropriate<br>tools<br>the strategically<br>g of others<br>with 6. Attend to<br>natics ★ precision                         | <ol> <li>Look for and</li> <li>Look for and</li> <li>Look for and</li> <li>express regularity</li> <li>structure</li> <li>in repeated</li> <li>reasoning</li> </ol> |  |
| FOCUS MATHEMATICS STANDARD  | S:  |   |  |
| <ul> <li>Extend the domain of trigonometric functions using the unit circle. F.TF.1,2</li> <li>Model periodic phenomena with trigonometric function. F.TF.5</li> <li>Prove and apply trigonometric identities. F.TF.8</li> <li>Analyze functions using different representations. F.IF. 7e, 9 (θ), cos(θ), or tan(θ) and the quadrant of the angle. F.TF.8</li> </ul> |   |   | ries. F.TF. <mark>8</mark><br>resentations.<br>Jadrant of the                        |
| Applied Learning Standards:<br>problem solving con  | mmunication critical thinl  | king research reflect   | tion/ evaluation   |
| Expectations for Student Lear<br>Problem Solving, Communicati   | ning (High School only):<br>ion, Body of Knowledge, Responsibilit   | у   |  |
| ENDURING UNDERSTANDING:   |   |   |  |
| <ul> <li>At the end of this unit, students will be pr</li> <li>Understand the meaning and f</li> <li>of rotation as it relates to the u</li> <li>Evaluate the value of the sine,<br/>functions using the unit circle.</li> </ul>  | oficient in the following:<br>ind the measure of an angle<br>unit circle.<br>cosine, and tangent  | <ul> <li>Determine the period, amplitude, and mid cosine, and tangent functions.</li> <li>Prove the Pythagorean identity sin<sup>2</sup>θ + cos</li> </ul>          | lline of the sine,<br>$x^2\theta = 1$ and use it                                     |
| <ul> <li>Graph simple trigonometric fu<br/>cosine, and tangent), and more<br/>technology.</li> </ul>  | nctions by hand (sine,<br>e complex functions using   | to find sin $\theta$ , cos $\theta$ , or tan $\theta$ given sin $\theta$ , cos the quadrant of the angle.   | s $\theta$ , or tan $\theta$ and   |
| PRIOR KNOWLEDGE:  |   |   |  |

Algebra 1 and Geometry

#### STUDENT OBJECTIVES, SKILLS and/or NEW KNOWLEDGE:

- The unit circle is a circle with radius of length 1 centered at the origin.
- The radian measure of an angle is the length of the arc on the unit circle subtended by the angle.
- Angles on the unit circle are measured counterclockwise from the point (1, 0).
- Trigonometric functions can be extended to the domain of all real numbers using the unit circle.
- Trigonometric functions can be used to model periodic phenomena.
- In order to model a periodic phenomenon, you need to know the amplitude, frequency or period, and midline.
- The Pythagorean identity states that  $\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$ .
- The Pythagorean identity can be used to find sin  $\theta$ , cos  $\theta$ , or tan  $\theta$  given one of those quantities and the quadrant of the angle.
- Graph sine, cosine, and tangent functions.

#### SUGGESTED PROBLEMS:

#### Teaching Examples F.TF.1

• What is the radian measure of the angle t in the diagram below?



#### Teaching Examples F.TF.2

• The coordinates (x, y) of any point on the unit circle are given by x = cos t, y = sin t, where t is the radian measure of the angle from the positive x-axis.



#### Teaching Examples F.TF.5

Example:

- The temperature of a chemical reaction oscillates between a low of 20°C and a high of 120°C. The temperature is at its lowest point when t = 0 and completes one cycle over a six-hour period.
  - a. Sketch the temperature, T, against the elapsed time, *t*, over a 12-hour period.
  - b. Find the period, amplitude, and the midline of the graph you drew in part (1).
  - c. Write a function to represent the relationship between time and temperature.
  - d. What will the temperature of the reaction be 14 hours after it began?
  - e. At what point(s) during a 24-hour day will the reaction have a temperature of 60°C?
- A wheel of radius 0.2 meters begins to move along a flat surface so that the center of the wheel moves forward at a constant speed of 2.4 meters per second. At the moment the wheel begins to turn, a marked point P on the wheel is touching the flat surface.



Write an algebraic expression for the function y that gives the height (in meters) of the point P, measured from the flat surface, as a function of *t*, the number of seconds after the wheel begins moving. From <u>http://illustrativemathematics.org</u> (TUSD)

## Teaching Examples F.TF.8

• Prove the Pythagorean identity.

• Given that 
$$\cos\theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$
 and  $\frac{3\pi}{2} < \theta < 2\pi$ , find the values of  $\sin(\theta)$  and  $\tan(\theta)$ . (TUSD)

#### F-TF.1

http://www.shmoop.com/common-core-standards/ccss-hs-f-tf-1.html

#### F-TF.2

http://www.shmoop.com/common-core-standards/ccss-hs-f-tf-2.html

#### F-TF.5

http://www.shmoop.com/common-core-standards/ccss-hs-f-tf-5.html

### F-TF.8

http://www.shmoop.com/common-core-standards/ccss-hs-f-tf-8.html

#### ACTIVITIES, PRODUCTS, PERFORMANCE, and ASSESSMENTS: see curriculum introduction

- 1. Application to real world 6. problems
  - Creating charts/collecting 8. Interviews 2. data
- 3. Collaboration -
- interpersonal Conferencing 4.
- Exhibits 5.
- Warm ups •
- Unit assessments
- Semester/End of course exams .

- Graphic organizers
- 7. Graphing
- 9. Journals
- 10. KWL charts
- 11. Mathematical Practices 17. Rubrics/checklists
- 12. Modeling ★
- 13. Oral presentations
- 14. Problem/Performance based/common tasks
- 15. Real-life applications involving graphing
- 16. Represent numbers
  - (mathematical practice, modeling)
- 18. Technology
- 19. Summarizing and notetaking
- 20. Tests and guizzes
- 21. Writing genres Arguments/ opinion Informative

### HIGHER ORDER THINKING SKILLS: Web's Depth of Knowledge 2 – 4 or Bloom's Taxonomy

#### Web's Depth of Knowledge

#### Bloom's Taxonomy

- skill/conceptual understanding •
- strategic reasoning ٠
- extended reasoning •

- apply analyze
- synthesize/create
- evaluate

## ADDITIONAL RESOURCES: see curriculum for specifics

#### **Textbook**

- Algebra 2, McDougal Littell 2004 ٠
- Explorations, Holt McDougal

#### Technology

- Computer lab
- Computer software that generate graphs of functions
- Computers
- Document camera
- Graphing calculator
- Graphing software
- Interactive boards
- LCD projectors
- Overhead graphing scientific

#### <u>Websites</u>

- http://curriculum.northsmithfieldschools.com
- http://www.achieve.org/http://my.hrw.com
- <u>http://www.illustrativemathematics.org/standards/practice</u>
- http://www.ixl.com/standards/common-core/math/grade-8
- http://www.ixl.com/standards/common-core/math/high-school
- http://www.ode.state.oh.us/GD/Templates/Pages/ODE/ODEDefaultPage.aspx?page=1
- http://www.ode.state.or.us/search/page/?id=3747
- http://www.parcconline.org/sites/parcc/files/PARCC%20Math%20S
- http://www.schools.utah.gov/CURR/mathsec/Core.aspx
- http://www.tusd1.org/contents/distinfo/curriculum/index.asp
- <u>www.commoncore.org/maps</u>
- <u>www.corestandards.org</u>
- www.khanacademy.com
- <u>www.ride.ri.gov</u>

#### **Materials**

• Tables, graphs and equations of real-world applications that apply quadratic and exponential functions

#### VOCABULARY

#### Academic vocabulary

- Amplitude
- Cosine
- Frequency
- Midline
- Periodic function
- SineTangent
- Trigonometric function
- Unit circle

- •
- Pythagorean Identity Radian measure

Oscillation

Period

# LESSON PLAN for UNIT \_\_\_\_\_

### LESSONS

- Lesson # 1 Summary:
- Lesson #2 Summary:
- Lesson #3 Summary:

OBJECTIVES for LESSON # \_\_\_\_\_

- Materials/Resources:
- Procedures:
  - Lead --in
  - Step by step
  - Closure
- Instructional strategies: see curriculum introduction
- Assessments: see curriculum introduction
   o Formative
  - o Summative